	1 PLACE OF DEATH	٠.	N	IISSOURI STATE BUREAU OF VI	BOARD OF HEALTH
Cou	nty Audraen				65
or Villa or City	Men and	Registration Dis	,	File No. Registere Falsi S	d No
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PA		HV	MEDICAL CERTIFICA	TE OF DEATH
3 SEX ? W	4 COLOR OF RACE MARRIE		16 DATE OF	(Month)	(Day) (Year)
	E OF BIRTH March (Month)	26 1876 (Day) (Year)	that I last a	1916, to	nat I attended deceased from
7 AGE	39 mos	If LESS the 1 day,his ormin.?	and that de	ath occurred, on the date	stated above, at 4 cm.
(a) :	CUPATION Frade, profession, or icular kind of work	inte-	St.	E OF DEATH* was as to	mpechin
busi whic	General nature of industry ness, or establishment in the employed (or employer)	m	Gene	ral Perd	ontes-
(City	or town, or foreign country) Musko	nni	CONTRIBU	(Duration)	mos 10, ds
	10 NAME OF S. Dari	gherty.	129	(Duration)	yre mos ds
ARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	Ty-	(Signed)	1916 (Address)	Luyies pro
PAR	12 MAIDEN NAME Communication	Stone!	*State the E	isease Causing Death, or, if Injury; and (2) whether Acci	n deaths from Violent Causes, state dental, Suicidal or Homicidal
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	ant Day-	At place	In	tels, Institutions, Transients,
	Tormant)	hin	Where was	lisease contracted se of death?	ateyrs
	(Address) / Russel	lemo	19 PLACE OF	BURIAL OR REMOVAL	PATE OF BURIAL
File	Jan 1919 1 100	reeAlaris	20 UNDERTAK	ERACO	191 /

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative health? fulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

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use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)